

**Sales at Vendue.**

On every Tuesday and Friday,  
WILL BE SOLD

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and  
Water streets.

**A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.**

Particulars of which will be expressed in  
the bills of the day. All kinds of goods  
which are on limitation and the prices of  
which are established, can at any time be  
viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation  
and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

**Wanted to Hire for the ensuing  
Year,**

A NEGRO MAN, who can work in the  
house, and take care of horses. Apply to  
the Painter.

November 14.

**FRESH FRUIT.**

The subscriber has just received and offers for  
sale,

Malaga Raisins in kegs,  
Muscadel and Bloom Raisins  
in boxes.

ALSO,

35 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.

James Patton.

April 19.

**Charles Stale & Thos. Grimshaw,**

HAVING entered into partnership in the  
ROPE MAKING BUSINESS, offer  
for sale, at their store on Merchants' wharf,  
a general assortment of CORDAGE and  
SHIP CHANDLERY, at which place, or at  
their rope-walk, they will receive orders for  
any description of Cordage warranted to be  
made out of the best materials and manu-  
factured in such a manner as will bear the in-  
spection of the best judges.

For M. B. A liberal price will be always given  
for the best quality.

November 24.

**Just Published,**

[Price 12 and a half Cents.]

For sale, at R. GRAY'S Bookstore, King-  
street.

**A Discourse on the Resurrection  
of the Body :**

By the Rev. Samuel Stanhope Smith, Presi-  
dent of Princeton College.

November 10.

**A NEW NOVEL.**

Just Published, and for Sale by

GOTTON & STEWART,

Price 1 Dollar,

GLENCARN ;

OR

**THE DISAPPOINTMENTS OF YOUTH,**

A NOVEL.

By GEORGE WATKINSON, Esq.

OF WASHINGTON CITY,

Author of the Lawyer and Child of Feeling.

The celebrity of this author's "LAW-  
YER," and "CHILD OF FEELING" in-  
duced the publishers to engage in this work,  
and without detracting from the merits of the  
former, feel themselves justified in stating that  
this GLENCARN is superior to either.  
It is submitted without further recommenda-  
tion, with a wish, that the American review-  
ers may give further encouragement to this  
young gentleman's endeavors to entertain in-  
struct and moralize his fellow citizens. In a  
way seemingly well calculated to attract their  
attention.

Feb 6.

**A GREAT BARGAIN.**

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the  
western country, will sell the FARM on  
which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles  
from Alexandria, 9 from George Town fer-  
ry, and about the same from the Potomac  
bridge crossing to the city of Washington—  
in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, con-  
taining about 470 acres, on which is a con-  
venient dwelling house, large enough for a gen-  
teel family, together with all the outhouses  
suitable, all new or nearly so ; an orchard of  
apple trees of selected fruit, together with  
different other fruit trees, a proportion of im-  
proved meadow for the scythe, and a large  
portion more may easily be made. Any per-  
son inclined to purchase may know the terms  
by application to Mr. JONAS DULIN, adjoining  
the said farm, or the subscriber on the pre-  
mises.

E. Dulin.

Jan 2.

**FOR FREIGHT,**

The staunch fast sailing

Seagoon

**General Johnston,**

Burthen about one hundred tons, Stephen  
L. Davis, master. Apply to

John G. Ladd.

January 4.

**For Sale, Freight or Charter,**

The BRIG

**PRESAGE,**

Well found and nearly new,  
burthen 1500 barrels, laying at M'Clellan's  
wharf. For terms apply to

Tenny & Ober, or

Daniel McGlean.

Landing from the above vessel, and for sale,

13 hhds. COFFEE,

40 bags COCOA, and

3 puncheons RUM.

Tenny & Ober.

January 12.

**For Freight or Charter,**

The Barque

**George William,**

Burthen 160 tons.

STEPHEN HOPKINS, Master.

Apply to

John G. Ladd,

Who has for sale, now landing from said  
barque,

118 quarter casks first quality Sherry Wine

40 chests Young Hyson, Hyson and Impe-  
rial Teas, of the latest importation.

The above entitled to certificate.

Dec. 30.

**JAMES BACON**

Begs leave to inform his former customers  
and friends, that he has

**Recommended the Grocery Business,**

At his Store on King near Washington  
street.

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,

A well chosen assortment of  
goods, in that line,

Warranted genuine; particularly his

**TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,**

Which are of a superior quality. He will dis-  
pose of each and every article on the most  
moderate terms.

May 2. dft.

**ROSE HILL FOR SALE.**

This healthy, beautiful, and well improved  
SEAT is now offered for sale.

It contains 400 acres, 50 of which are in  
wood. No land is better adapted to the use of  
Plaster of Paris, and there is some very valu-  
able meadow land upon it.

For terms apply to W. H. Foots, esq. upon  
the premises, or to the subscriber in Charles  
county, Maryland.

Benjamin Dulany, jun.

September 14.

**BUTTER.**

4000 lbs. fine Butter, in good ship  
ping order.

20 boxes Dixon's fresh Mustard.

40 kegs Leiper's & Garrett's Snuff,

Just received by

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax streets.

With a general assortment of Groceries as  
usual.

November 28

**NOTICE.**

LAST NIGHT between the hours of se-  
ven and eight o'clock, was stolen from the  
house formerly occupied by Mr. Laven, now  
occupied by Miss Helen Gullatt, two Bed-  
quilts, one of which being remarkable had a  
large size leaf with a dark ground diamond,  
being also of furniture quality, and quilted by  
the leaf, also by the diamond—the other be-  
ing a diamond quilted chiefly in shells—also a  
blanket and linen sheet. Whoever will ap-  
prehend the thief, and deliver the things to  
this office, or to Miss Helen Gullatt, shall  
be generously rewarded. Should they be  
offered for sale, it is requested they may be  
stopped and information given as above men-  
tioned.

February 2.

Printing in all its variety,  
neatly executed at this office.

**Public Sale.**

THE subscriber, by virtue of a deed of  
trust to him from Mr. William Hodgson, dat-  
ed on the 10th day of November, in the year  
1808, for the purpose of indemnifying Mr.  
John Hopkins—will, on FRIDAY, the 24th  
inst. next, at the hour of twelve o'clock of  
the day, if fair; if not, on the next fair day  
at the same hour, proceed to sell, at the  
court-house, in Alexandria, at public auc-  
tion, to the highest bidder, for ready money  
three thousand acres of LAND, situate on  
the left fork of Big Sandy Creek, which  
land was, at the time of the grant for the  
same, in the county of Monongalia, in the  
State of Virginia.

The above tract of land was granted by  
the state of Virginia, to John Wilson by three  
several patents containing respectively one  
thousand acres, and bearing date on the first  
day of October, 1734, which land has been  
since duly conveyed to the said William  
Hodgson, by deed dated 21 of August, 1790.

Edmund J. Lee, Trustee.

Not 27.

The editors of the Federal Republi-  
can and National Intelligencer, will publish  
this advertisement and send their accounts to  
this office.

**STAVE YARD.**

CASH will be given for any quantity of  
white and red oak, shued and barrel Staves  
and Heading, by

James Harper,

On wharf north of Hunter's ship yard.

Who expects a quantity of  
Tar and Pitch, and intends keeping regu-  
larly a supply of these articles.

February 2

**LANDING**

From the No. 101, and for sale by

Lawson and Fowle;

15 hhds. Rectified MOLASSES,

100 boxes Fresh Muscadell RAISINS.

January 8.

**Public Sale.**

AGREEABLE to the last Will and Tes-  
tament of Col. PETER WAGENER, de-  
ceased, will be sold, at the Town of Colches-  
ter, in Fairfax County, on Thursday, the  
15th day of this month, all the residue of  
his estate, not included in the specific leg-  
acies; consisting of twenty-one likely Ne-  
groes, and Household and Kitchen Furniture,  
and Stock of every kind, and Farming Utensils.  
Among the Negroes are two good  
rough carpenters, cooks, and some excellent  
male and female house servants; among the  
number is a middle aged man, excelled by  
few as a waiter, having never been otherwise  
employed. The terms will be, for a part,  
cash; and the remainder on a credit which  
will be made known on the day of sale. Any  
claim against the estate, or against the late  
Mrs. Sarah Wagener, his widow, approved  
by me previous to the day of sale, will be  
received in payment.

G. Deneale, Ex'r.

February 2.

**NOTICE.**

THE subscriber by virtue of a deed of  
trust to him from WILLIAM HODG-  
SON, dated on the 24th day of November, in  
the year 1808, for the purpose of securing  
John Hopkins, on the 8th day of February  
next, and at the hour of twelve o'clock of  
that day—if the day is not a fair one, then on  
the first fair day thereafter and at the same  
hour will proceed to sell for ready money,  
at public auction, to the highest bidder, on  
the premises,

**The Fee-simple Estate**

In the following Property, to wit:  
About five acres and ten poles of ground  
with the houses thereon, situate in the coun-  
ty of Alexandria, in the vicinity of the town  
of Alexandria, and adjoining the west side  
of Bellview, the residence of Mr. Hodgson,  
which five acres and ten poles are now in the  
possession of Mr. Hodgson.

Edmund J. Lee, Trustee.

January 3.

**Cows and Calves for Sale.**

A NUMBER of COWS with young  
CALVES, may be had at the Farm of  
the subscriber.

John C. Vowell

Mount Hope, Feb. 2.

Intending to remove to  
the town of Alexandria, I wish to sell a lot  
of 3 years of old trees, growing thereon, with  
15 acres thereof belonging. Any person in-  
clined to purchase will meet with a bargain,  
and may be supplied with a number of other  
trees suitable to Tavern keeping.

A. LINDO.

January 23.

**FRESH FRUIT, &c.**

THE subscriber has just received a sup-  
ply of fresh English Walnuts, French Pe-  
aches, Blooms, and Muscadell Raisins, &c.  
(Oranges—&c.) a few British Sugar from the  
back country.

Thomas Patten.

January 24.

Just Received,  
AND FOR SALE BY

CHARLES I. CATLETT,

75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young

Hyson Teas.

30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.

20 pipes and 3 quarter casks Lisbon  
and Tenerife Wines.

8 hogheads Muscadell Sugar.

3000 lbs. Seine Twine.

50 boxes Mould Candles.

50 do. Spanish Segars.

3 barrels Pimento.

October 15.

**Public Sale.**

UNDER the authority of a deed of trust  
from Samuel Bailey to us, for the purpose of  
securing the payment of certain debts to Wm  
H. Wilson, surviving administrator of John  
Berland Wilson, deceased, and to Benjamin  
Boile, we will offer at public sale, for cash,  
on the 19th day of March next, at the front  
door of the court house, in Fairfax county,  
a TRACT OF LAND, in the said county,  
described in the deed as situated on  
Creek, adjoining to the town of  
and devised to the said Samuel Bailey, by  
Father William Bailey—supposed to contain  
four hundred acres.

Thomas Harrison, jun.

R. I. Taylor.

December 8.

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Offers for sale the following articles, by  
wholesale or retail.

3000 bush. Lisbon and Liverpool Salt

20000 lbs Green Coffee, in barrels and bags

5000 Goshen Cheese, of excellent qua-

lity in casks

1000 New England do.

200 bbls. of Herrings, Shad and Mackare

50 tons Plaster Paris

20 bales prime Upland Georgia Cotton,

10 hhds. Jamaica, Antigua and Dema-

rara Rum

4 pipes French and ditto Brandy

15 hhds. Muscovado Sugar

50 bbls. do. of different qualities

8 hhds. Copperas

Gunpowder,

Imperial,

Hyson,

Young Hyson,

and

Hyson Skin,

Madeira,

Lisbon,

Claret, and

Catalonia

Holland and Country Gl.

New England Rum in hhds. and this

Peach and Apple Brandy in bbls.

Martinique Cordials, in boxes

Leaf and Lump Sugar, Havannah Honey

per gallon, Figbush,

Molasses in hhds. Spanish Potant Indigo

Spanish Cigars, Butter,

Harris's and Taylor's manufactured To-  
bacco in kegs,

Gunpowder and Shot of different sizes,

Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, Pimento,

Chocolate Nos. 1 and 2, Mould and Dipe Candy,

Malaga Raisins in boxes,

Pipewit boxes, 3 gross each,

Hingham box's, Hamilton's Currants and

Leiper's Suet in bottles,

London and Philadelphia Mustard,

Writing and Wrapping Paper,

Bed Cords, Larding Lard, &c.

Nov 20.

A constant supply of various articles and  
best suppers, &c. by week and  
30 bbls. of Maryland and Virginia Potatoes.

November 24.



# ALEXANDRIA DAILY GAZETTE, COMMERCIAL & POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY  
**SAMUEL SNOWDEN,**  
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 dollars per annum.  
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 13.

## Alexandria Price Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

### FOREIGN ARTICLES.

	Per.	D.	C.	D.C.
Coffee,	lb.	22	35	38
Duck, Russia	35	40		
Ravens	18	21		
Fruit, Raisins	keg	9	10	
	box	4	5	
Yorogo, Spanish (flat.)	lb.	2	25	2 30
Molasses,	gal.	60	62	
Salt, coarse	bus.	60	75	
Spices, Nutmegs	lb.	7	8	
Pepper	22	24		
Pimento	28	32		
Spirits Brandy (French) 4th	gal.	1 80	2	
Gin, Holland	1 50	1 75		
Rum, Jamaica 4th	1 18	1 25		
Antigua 3d	1	1 10		
Windward	95	1		
2d & 3d				
Sugars, 1st quality	cwt.	12	13	
2d & 3d	9	12		
Tons, Imperial	lb.	1 60	1 75	
Hyson	1	1 20		
Young Hyson	1	1 10		
Hyson Skin	75	85		
Alvares, Madeira	gal.	2	2 50	
Port	1 60	1 75		
Lisbon	1 25	1 30		
Malaga	1	1 5		

### DOMESTIC ARTICLES.

	Per.	D.	C.	D.C.
Bacon	lb.	9	11	
Beef Mess	bbl.	13		
Prime	12			
Bread, Crackers	100	6		
Pilot	lb.	5 50		
Ship	3 50			
Candles, Mould	lb.	18	20	
Dipt	16			
Cheese	8	12		
Cutton, Upland	16	18		
Fish, Mackerel	bbl.	7 50	8	
Shad	7 50	8		
Herrings	3 75			
Flour, superfine	6 92			
Grain, Wheat	bus.	1 20	1 30	
Corn	75	80		
Flaxseed	90	100		
Chase, Window s-by 10	box	13	15	
Gunpowder, Keg	251	14		
Pump	cwt.	14	16	
Pork, Barr	ton	120	125	
Pork, Mess	bbl.	18		
Prime	15			
Spirits, N. E. Rum	gal.	80	85	
Whiskey	70	70		
Sugar, New-Orleans	100	12	15	
Loaf	lb.	20	21	
Lump	19	20		
Tobacco, Maryland	cwt.	2 50	4 50	
Potomac	3	4 50		
PRICE OF STOCKS.				
Alexandria Bank,	par			
Potomac do.	par			
Marine Insurance	par			
Washington Bridge	par			
Little River Turnpike	uncertain			
Washington and Alexandria do.	par			
Exchange on London,	par.			

### New Tooth Extractor.

THE subscriber has effected an improvement in the instrument for extracting teeth, by which that operation is rendered considerably less painful, and more safe, than by the common method, and applies in all cases. During some months use of this instrument, (the only one except Brist's Patent, where that will apply) the jaw has in no instance been injured, nor the gum torn (or lacerated).

Persons who chase it, attended at their homes as usual. Apply lower end of Prince-street to

Ch: Douglas.

Intending to apply for a patent, it cannot be seen for examination at present.

### New Publications.

Just received and for sale by  
**James Kennedy, Senr.**

Bookseller, King-street.

William Tell, or Switzerland Delivered, an historical novel, by the celebrated Florian, The Life of Petrarch, by Mrs. Dobson, 2 v. The Yankee in London, Bartholomew's Researches into the laws of Chemical Affinity.

The London Director, or system of dissection practised in the Hospitals and Lectures Rooms of the metropolis, explained by the clearest rules for students.

Feb. 3.

cod3w.

### From the National Intelligencer.

**The Indians.**—The following view of the condition of the Cherokees cannot fail generally to interest our readers, or to afford peculiar gratification to the philanthropist. It confirms the most sanguine expectations that have been entertained of ameliorating the lot of the Aborigines of our country, and must operate as a sufficient motive to a strenuous perseverance in the enlightened policy that has hitherto characterized our conduct towards them.

Letter from Return J. Meigs, Esq. to the Secretary at War.

HIGHWASSER GARRISON, Dec. 1.

Sir, I now transmit a general statistical table for the Cherokee nation. This was attempted in 1806, having at that time the consent of the late secretary at war; but the Cherokees having some unfounded jealousy, that there was something in the measure intended to take advantage of them, and expressing some reluctance to the measure, it was postponed until the last year. It has now been done with as much accuracy as possible, by the interpreter. If there is any error, it has probably arisen from a disposition in some to report a less number of persons, and of live stock than they actually have. The Cherokees on the Arkansas and White rivers, are not included in the table now transmitted: it is estimated that there is about 1000 including men women and children on the west side of the Mississippi; they have also many cattle and horses, some of them being very wealthy.

The table now forwarded does not exhibit all their wealth; they have no inconsiderable quantity of cash in circulation, which they receive annually for the sale of cattle and swine. In 1808 they had not a single perch of wagon road in the whole country. In that year they consented at the request of the government to have a road opened for the communication between the state of Georgia and Tennessee. This road with its branches was opened by those states and is about 220 miles on which they have a turnpike by agreement with the government, for which they are bound to keep the road in good condition for carriages. Since finding the advantages arising from roads, they have at their own expense opened upwards of 300 miles of wagon road for communication between East and West Tennessee. These roads intersect the first mentioned great road at different points, except on one road 100 miles in length, opened by Doublehead, at Franklin county, Tennessee, and runs to the Muscle Shoals, and it is contemplated to be continued to the navigable waters of Mobile. But to effect this the interposition of the government will be necessary; because from the Shoals to the navigable waters of Mobile, the road must cross lands claimed by the Cherokees and the Chickasaws.

Thus far as exhibited by the statistical table have the Cherokees prospered by the pastoral life and by domestic manufactures; but it must be understood that a spirit of industry does by no means pervade the general population; the greatest number are extremely poor for want of industry. The hunting life is here at an end; but a predilection for the hunter's life pervades a great part of the Cherokees, and many are waiting to hear whether the government will give them the necessary aid and encouragement to migrate to the west side of the Mississippi. Notwithstanding this they have strong local attachment to the place of their birth, and to the sepulchres of their fathers. This being the case, to induce great numbers to migrate, they must be excited by advances of such kind as they need to establish themselves on the rivers mentioned; viz. arms, ammunition, beaver traps, blankets, and some provision of the bread kind flour or corn, corn will suit them best. After the first year they will want nothing of the government, except a factory for Indian trade, and a promise of protection by the government. These things once attained, and their attachment and friendship is secured forever—they will be proud in being closely connected with the United States, by whom they have been raised in improvement far above the western Indians.

I am, sir, very respectful,

Your obedient servant,

RETURN J. MEIGS

William Butler, Esq.

Secretary of war.

The document referred to in this letter purports to be "a general statistical table for the Cherokee nation," exhibiting a view of their population and of improvements in their useful arts, and of their property acquired under the fostering hand of government, which has principally been done since the year 1796.

It exhibits in detail the number of Cherokees males and females, of horses, black cattle, sheep, swine, spinning wheels, looms, waggons, ploughs, grist mills, saw mills, saltpetre works, powder mills, silversmiths, schools, white people, and negro slaves in each town, village and plantation, amounting to 133.

It is scarcely practicable in a newspaper to present in its details such a comprehensive table, and almost every useful purpose will be attained by the following condensed view of its contents.

Number of Cherokee males	6,118
Do. females	5,279
Horses	6,519
Black cattle	19,165
Sheep	1,037
Swine	19,773
Spinning wheels	1,572
Looms	493
Waggons	30
Ploughs	567
Grist mills	13
Saw mills	3
Salt-petre works	2
Powder mills	1
Silversmiths	49
Schools	5
Children at school	94
White people	341
Negro slaves	583

A considerable number of the white men are married to Cherokee women, others are employed as croppers for the Cherokees.

Col. Ore who carries on the making of saltpetre at this town (Nickajack) told me last year, that he had made in five years, upwards of 60,000 pounds of saltpetre, a considerable part of which he used in making of powder.

An estimate of the principal articles, their value, viz.:

6,519 horses at 30 dollars each,	195,170
19,165 black cattle at 8	153,320
1,037 sheep at 2	2,074
19,778 swine at 2	39,556
13 grist mills at 260	3,380
3 saw-mills at 500	1,500
30 waggons at 40	1,200
583 negro slaves at 300	174,000
Total	1,571,500

This property has been acquired by the Cherokees within a few years.

### From the Freeman's Journal.

#### A SCANDALOUS TRANSACTION!

The Aurora of yesterday morning contains the following article respecting a deception lately practised on the Legislature of Pennsylvania, which outrages all the mean, low, dirty tricks we ever heard of. The editor of the United States Gazette very properly observes that it "would dishonor any ordinary black legs." While reading it the people ought not to forget it is owing in a great measure to the active exertions of Colonel Duane and Mr. Senator Leib, that Mr. Snyder, the democratic candidate, was elected governor of Pennsylvania. Surely the people will not much longer be deceived. They are now swimming with the full tide of experimental democracy, and cannot fail to discern their danger. Heaven grant their eyes may be opened before it is too late.

### From the Aurora.

In a preceding letter, addressed to the governor, wherein I offered some necessary reflections on the deceitful and dishonest course pursued by him and the secretary of the commonwealth, in the correspondence carried on with general Michael Bright, I was bound in investigating facts, to detect and expose their hollow and iniquitous proceedings certified under the governor's hand, in his message of the 15th December in stating to general Bright in a letter dated the 28th of March that he expected hourly an answer from the President of the United States—a letter which was not written till the 17th of April following.

I pointed to this fraud upon the general and this fraud upon the public, in my letter published in the newspaper Aurora of the 20th inst. This paper I find has reached Lancaster. The governor has seen it, and Conrad Weiser, has the sorrowful necessity of proving by additional evidence, under the same hand, and in the same official form, still more humiliating meanness and unblushing depravity.

It is my purpose, my fellow citizens, while I have health and access to an inde-

pendent newspaper, to expose the meanness and depravity of the men who have so long ruled the state by profligate and dishonest means, by furthering their power by the most honorable; and by combining, in a most corrupt manner, all that is dishonest, and all that is infamous in honor and credit, and all public virtue. It is a strong test, it is a sad event for the state, but how can it be read for yourselves and judge as you list.

On Saturday morning last, the following message was addressed to the house of representatives, or rather to the speaker for them. I pray you to read it with dispassionate and unbiased attention.

To James Eagle, Esq. Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Sir, Since printing the documents relative to the case of Gideon Olmstead, it has been discovered that there is an error in the date of one of the letters directed to general Bright, occasioned by a mistake in copying. The date in the printed letter is 29th March, instead of the 24th April, as will appear from the original, which I herewith enclose for the satisfaction of the house, with a request that the clerk be directed, after he shall have made the necessary entry, to return the original letter.

Very respectfully, &c.

N. B. BOILEAU, Sec'y.

Upon the surface of this, though it is not entirely free from suspicion; yet if there were no fraud before, if the men concerned in this new act of imbecility, and iniquity, for I will prove both imbecility of mind, and the wickedness of purposed deceit in the act; if it came from men with pure hands and fair reputation; it would not have been necessary for them to have sent the original; for if they knew themselves worthy of confidence, they would not anticipate, they would disdain doubt; they knew themselves and sent a paper purporting to be original, and what does it prove? It proves an attempt to cover one fraud, which might have been imputed to the blundering ignorance and incapacity of the men; by another fraud more deliberate, by a fraud of a double degree of imposture, and this fraud detected by the very evidence of their own documents.

First. A letter is written from Boileau to Bright, dated 29th March. Second. In that letter he says, a letter is expected from the President in answer to one, written by the governor to him.

Third. It appears by the message of the 15th Dec. that no letter was written until the 7th of April, to the President; that is, for ten days after the date of the letter saying it was written.

This falsification of themselves, was their own act; it was even in their message; it was talked of in the legislature openly; but Conrad Weiser brought it before the public; it was not thought worthy of notice. Let us now see how it stands by this new message.

Fourth. Mr. Secretary now tells the legislature that the date of the 29th March was a mistake of the transcriber, that it should have been the 14th of April.

But the next point is the worst of all; for although Mr. Boileau tells us that the letter should be dated on the 14th, meaning that it was written on the 14th April, we have in the documents a fact more extraordinary than the answer expected from the president ten days before any letter was written to him, we have here an answer written by Gen. Bright, to a letter which was, if we could believe in conjuring [and every one believes that General Bright is no conjurer] written five days before the letter to which it was an answer.

Fifth. General Bright's 26th March or answer to the 14th April, letter is dated on the 31st March, and so it is published in the governor's message of the 26th December.

Here is fraud of the lowest contemptible quality; there is a mortifying meanness in the manner, as well as a shocking demonstration of cool, callous depravity in the studied execution of the first and the second imposture. General Bright's is dated the 31st of March; he begins his answer in these words—"yours of the 29th came safe to hand." And as if this evidence were not sufficient, the circumstances enumerated in the letter which General Bright writes, fix the arms of truth upon his letter, and of falsehood, purposed, flagrant, premeditated imposture, on the executive magistracy and his abandoned secretary.



General... I have just learned that the... issuing summonses for raising...

See General... letter of the 13th April, he there says, "myself & the guard are arrested."

And was it after his being arrested that he was to be told, as in the letter of 29th of March, was he told on the 14th April that "the original orders you received are sufficient to justify you in taking any measures you may conceive necessary and expedient to protect the ladies from arrest."

The general was not only arrested himself and his army, but the ladies were themselves arrested on the 14th, and the general had in his letter of the 13th given the alarming information to his generalissimo, that "the ladies were determined to go to Lancaster," and no doubt it was implied that they meant to attack him, for the general very sagaciously tells him (no doubt because he did not know it) that their march to Lancaster "would be very disagreeable to him."

It is not easy to treat this subject, which is in itself most degrading to the state, with entire seriousness; if it did not contain the deadliest stab at popular representative government; it might furnish a theme for the most justifiable satire; as it is, the emotions which it excites are derision for the depravity of the executive, and commiseration for the state whose affairs are in their hands.

I shall in my next show more fraud in the same transaction.

CONRAD WEISER.

### Alexandria Daily Gazette.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 12.

**Mason's Bill.**—This last animal of that non-descript species, called commercial restrictions, has not yet made its appearance in the Senate. It is now said that the *poor thing* will be stifled in that body, whenever it shall show its head. We are told that its friends and enemies in the Senate are exactly equal in number; but that the energy of its is such as to ensure its destruction.— If this should actually be the case, I believe very few would mourn. This bill, indeed, appears to be harmless, but being the offspring of that system which has brought the nation to the brink of ruin, it is looked upon with a jealous eye. From this system we have received as yet, nothing but evil, and nothing but evil can be expected from it; the sooner, therefore, it is abandoned the better.

### THE SOURCE OF OUR DIFFICULTIES DEVELOPED.

"Let us no more be led, through an admiration of successful fraud and violence, to imitate the excesses of an irrational, unprincipled, proscriptive, confiscating, plundering, ferocious, bloody and tyrannical democracy."

BURKE.

These self-styled republicans are the persons who opposed the execution of Jay's treaty, after it had received the sanction of Washington, and who loaded him with the bitterest revilings and vilest aspersions because he advocated it, and his prophetic mind then foresaw the difficulties which would accrue to his country from not having an established treaty and a friendly understanding with England. Yet these very men now profess to follow the steps, and revere the memory of him, who, all his life time, was opposed to their jacobinic proceedings, and, on which account, met with their severest denunciations. These are the persons who are diametrically opposed to all the measures of his successor, be they what they would; who excommunicated him while president, for his standing armies, his sedition and alien laws, and for his enmity to France. But now they receive him into the bosom of their fraternity in full communion, and extol and practice in a far more despotie manner, the very measures which he adopted. We hope our fellow citizens are now convinced how futile were the hopes of *better times* which were predicted to them on the accession of Jefferson to the presidency. They must now recollect with what fallacious expectations they were gulled, what showers of prosperity they were promised by his fol-

lowers, for the mere purpose of obtaining their suffrages.

They indeed bowed in the full hope of an abundant harvest of all these blessings, and with full purpose of heart enlisted at once under the banners of delusion, and are now left to reap the bitter consequence of their misadvised rashness. Let any person who has been induced to fall in with these sentiments, candidly ask himself whether the expectation of *happy times*, with which he was promised, have been realized?—Your consciences must decide in the negative.

You were to be favored with a redress of those grievances which the satellites of democracy then informed you had been imposed upon you under the preceding administration. You were to be liberated from the detestable burdens of taxes, from standing armies, from expensive navies, from restraint of every kind, whether thought, word, or action, which liberties were said to be greatly infringed upon under the former administrations. Every citizen should now enquire whether these predictions have been verified, and whether their rights have not been violated in the last and present administrations, more than in those which preceded them. Have they had no taxes to pay these eight years past, and they are likely not to be encumbered with any for the future? The embargo, that foolish unconstitutional measure—we say foolish, because the designed effects have not been adequate to the cause; because the ostensible purpose for which it was imposed, viz. that of coercing Great Britain, has not been answered. As we observed, the embargo had nearly swept off the property of a great majority of our citizens, and to complete the devastation, we have the melancholy prospect of seeing our country reduced to beggary, an enormous tax raised to support the government, by reason of the treasury's being now entirely drained, in a manner best known to those who have the direction of it.

Soon after the beginning of Jefferson's career, our national debt was said, by his partizans, to be continually diminishing, and our treasury running over. Where are we now? Ah me!—the ground is gone on which we stood!—If this was really the case, then we say the people have been defrauded and most egregiously imposed upon; for even the small sum to which taxes were said to be reduced, are now found insufficient to meet the ordinary demands of government. Gallatin, on one hand, is crying, *no war*—but a loan of millions, or an immense direct tax—while the French demagogues, merely to gratify their resentment to England, are bellowing, "let loose the dogs of war!"—Have we been more or less encumbered with standing armies the two last, than during the two former administrations? The people doubtless recollect with what asperity of scandal, with what infamous reproaches the administration of Adams was assailed, because he dared to raise a small army from prudential motives.

When the French emissaries in this country and their accomplices had failed in their projects of ambition and rebellion by this strong measure, it was then found necessary for these restless vagabonds to excrete the conduct of our rulers and to obtain preferments and offices by putting down Adams, and setting up in his place a *golden calf*, that they might look to him and live from all their vices and crimes, which, under any other government, would have been punished with death. He has raised a standing army—a numerous one, and for what purpose? We have been told that the avowed object was to repel an invasion from England! Yet we have seen that this was not the cause, but that it was to quell disturbances among our own countrymen, which they foresaw would arise from putting into execution such an unconstitutional measure as they had long had in con-

templation. We have seen that there has long been a secret desire in the democrats to restrain our liberty of speech, although they pretended to be greatly oppressed by president Adams's measures in this respect. This wish has burst forth this session of congress, in a resolution which better deserves the odious name of "*gag law*," from its unconstitutionality, tyranny and jacobinism, than any which has been authorized by any government in any age or nation.

(Portland Gazette.)

The *petticoat-great-coat* is quite the rage among our young bucks. When this article of dress first came into vogue, a New-Hampshire wag asserted that it was the result of the *lex talionis*—the ladies had been long striving to wear the breeches (inexpressibles we mean, *pretty prattlers*) and our young men by way of giving a "Rowland for an Oliver," had mounted the petticoat upon their shoulders.

(Tickler.)

### Congress of the United States.

#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, February 9.

[CONCLUDED.]

[Taken for the Alexandria Gazette.]

The committee of the whole reported the bill for the relief of Richard Taylor, after considerable discussion, on motion of Mr. Goldsborough, the bill was laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Poindexter the house went into committee of the whole on the bill relating to grants of lands made in the Mississippi territory, by the British government of West Florida, Mr. Milnor in the chair. The committee went thro' the bill and reported it to the house. It was taken up, and after a long debate, was laid on the table for further consideration.

On motion of Mr. Lewis, the bill to incorporate the Episcopal Society of Alexandria, was taken up. It underwent considerable discussion.—Mr. Montgomery moved to postpone it indefinitely; question lost. Mr. Quincy moved to postpone until Wednesday next. This motion was withdrawn, and the bill passed to a third reading.

Adjourned until Monday.

### Grocery Store.

#### WILLIAM RAMSAY,

As Agent of Elizabeth Potts,

HATH this day opened store on Prince-street, opposite Mr. Marsteller's vendue, where he will continue to sell on same account, a general assortment of GROCERIES—all of which are now offered for sale on moderate terms.

February 9. d3r

Alexandria Library Company..

The Members of the Alexandria LIBRARY COMPANY will please to take notice, that an election will be held at the Library, on Monday, 10th instant, between the hours of three and six, P. M. for a President and eleven Directors for the ensuing year.

James Kennedy, sen.

Librarian.

February 6. and k d of e

### Public Sale.

On THURSDAY, the 15th of this month, will be offered for sale, in the town of Colchester,

A Lot of Ground situate in the upper part of that town, containing half an acre, on which are erected a two story frame dwelling house, stable, granary, and other out-houses. This house and lot adjoins the residence of Mr. Samuel Bayly, and was formerly occupied by Mr. Lund Washington, jun. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

J. H. Hooe.

February 10.

### T O R E N T,

On reasonable terms,

One of the best situations for the FLOUR or any business connected with shipping) in town—where flour or goods of any kind, can be received from the river and shipped without the expense of drayage.

ALSO TO HIRE,

A Store, on King-street, suitable for the Flour and Wholesale and Retail Grocery business.

Enquire of the Printer.

February 12.

d3t

### TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber, after a lapse of time necessarily consumed in the preparation of his house, respectfully announces to the citizens of Alexandria, as well as the community at large, that he has taken for a term of years that noted and eligible establishment known by the name of the CITY HOTEL, and once occupied by Mr. Gadbury, whose distinguished abilities as a Publican gave it an eclat which the subscriber hopes to preserve by his unremitting exertions in affording to all those who may confer on him the favor of their patronage, genteel and comfortable accommodations. The subscriber deems it unnecessary to indicate the multiplicity of conveniences attached to the City Hotel, and will only submit a description to that portion of travellers who have to generally attested its numerous advantages.

James Brooks.

February 12.

### For Rent or Sale.

#### A Bake-house & Dwelling-house.

THAT Bake House and Dwelling House situate at the corner of Water and Cronoke streets, at present occupied by Mr. Andrew Jamieson. Possession may be had the first day of January next.

John Dundas.

November 17.

d3wkd

### Valuable Property for Sale.

IN pursuance of a deed executed to the subscribers on the 11th day of August, 1808, by the late Robert T. Hooe, Esq. in trust for certain purposes thereby expressed, they will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Coffee House, in the town of Alexandria, on the first Monday in March next, the following valuable Property, viz.

One Lot of Ground in the said town of Alexandria, lying eastward of Union and between Duke and Wolfe streets, with a Wharf extended from the same into the river: This lot fronts feet on the Potomac.

One other Lot, situated on Water street, between Prince and Duke streets, and fronting about 27 feet on Water street. This lot is handsomely enclosed, and there is a very productive garden upon it. The undivided Moiety of the following Property, all situated in the said town of Alexandria, to wit—

One Moiety of the Property on which the said R. T. Hooe lately resided situated at the corner of Prince and Water streets, and fronting feet or thereabouts on Water, and feet on Prince streets. On this property there are extensive Brick Buildings, forming a large and well finished Dwelling House & three Stores, with all necessary out houses, a pump in the yard and an excellent garden.

ALSO,

The undivided Moiety of a House and Lot situated at the corner of Water and Duke streets, fronting feet on Water, and feet on Duke. This property is subject to an annual ground rent forever of sixty one and a half dollars.

The whole of the above property except the last is free of encumbrance, and will be shown at any time to such as desire to be informed about it. The sale will be made on a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months for approved indorsed notes, negotiable at the bank of Alexandria.

Charles Simms,

Thomas Swann,

R. Harrison.

Nov. 30.

octs.

### TO BE RENTED,

For one or more years,

THAT valuable property commonly called *Jonas's Point*, now occupied by Jonas Brown—Also, the *Marsh and Hills* adjacent. The terms will be made known by Dr. Stephen Cook, near Leesburgh, Loudoun county.

The subscriber having been informed that Jonas Brown has committed various depredations on the point, that he has sold the stone which surrounded it and the soil itself, gives notice to those who have been engaged in this honorable traffic, that a reputation of it will inevitably subject them to the penalties of the law.

John R. Cooke.

December 14.

dec 14



## GRAND LOTTERY, Three Prizes of \$5,000 each.

STATE OF NEW-YORK.  
Union College Lottery, No. I.

### MANAGERS.

William W. Gilbert, Isaac Demmon,  
Benjamin Dewitt, AND  
George Merchant, Stephen Thorne.

### SCHEDULE.

8 Prizes of	\$25,000	is \$75,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	5,000	5,000
4 250 Tickets each,	7,000	7,000
2	3,000	4,000
5	1,000	5,000
30	500	15,000
30	200	6,000
50	100	5,000
100	50	5,000
200	20	4,000
10,300	30	105,000
10,324 Prizes,		245,000
24,076 Blanks,		
55,000 Tickets, at 7 dollars, is		245,000

Less than 2 1-4 blanks to a prize; subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. Prizes payable 30 days after the conclusion of the drawing.

### OF THE ANNEXED PRIZES.

1st drawn No. 10th day of drawing, entitled to \$1,000.	
1st do. 15th do. 250 Tickets from No. 1 to No. 250, inclusive.*	
1st do. 20th do. 250 do. from No. 251 to 500, inclusive.	
1st do. 25th do. 550 do. from No. 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive	
1st do. 30th do. 850 do. from No. 22,251 to 22,500, inclusive.	
1st do. 35th do. Cash, 25,000 dolls.	
1st do. 40th do. 1000	
1st do. 45th do. 25,000	

At 4000 Blanks drawn to be entitled to a Ten Dollar prize each.

The drawing will commence in the City of New York on the third Tuesday in April next, and will continue to draw 600 Tickets each day (except the last day, when there will remain 800 to be drawn) until finished.

Tickets for sale by R. GRAY, Bookseller, King street, Alexandria, where all tickets sold by him may be examined, and information obtained respecting the Lottery during the drawing, free of expense. Prizes in the Baltimore College Lottery will be taken at their full value for Tickets in this Lottery, and the difference paid in cash. Cash will also be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn, at a moderate discount.

Present price of tickets eight dollars.  
January 1.

\* Should the first number, on the 15th day of drawing, be either of the numbers from 1 to 250, inclusive, then, in that case, the next drawn number (not one of those numbers, shall draw, and be entitled to the 250 tickets, with the prizes and blanks that may be drawn to them previous to the 15th day of drawing; and in the like manner with tickets for the 20th, 25th, and 30th days of drawing; so that a person with one ticket may draw One Thousand Tickets! Question—How? Answer—Suppose No. 11,175, is the property of A the first drawn number on the 15th day of drawing, which will entitle A to the numbers from 1 to 250; and the first drawn number on the 20th day of drawing, may be No 175, which will entitle him to the numbers from 251 to 500. The first drawn number, on the 25th day, may be No. 375, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive; and the first drawn number, on the 30th day of drawing, may be one of the 750 tickets already drawn, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,250 to 22,500—Yes, sir, and the thousand tickets may draw One Hundred Thousand Dollars!

### Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, Dec. Term, 1809.  
Ordered, that the executor of Wm. Fitzhugh of Chatham, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times a week for eight weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Teste,  
Alex. Moore, Register.

### This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters testamentary on the estate of Wm. Fitzhugh, Esquire, of Chatham, late of the county aforesaid, deceased: all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers therefor to Alexander Moore, Register of Wills of Alexandria, on or before the 23d day of June next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. And those indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 23d day of December, 1809.

Robert Randolph,

Executor of Wm. Fitzhugh, of Chatham.

### To be Rented for a term of years.

THAT valuable tract of Land, called Preston, situated on the Washington and Alexandria turnpike road; at the junction of four mile creek and Potomac river, and distant two miles from Alexandria, three from Washington and five from George Town.—There are upon the premises a two story dwelling house, containing six rooms and a passage, with a kitchen, carriage house, stables, &c. a large, handsome and highly manured garden, of at least ten acres, in a high state of cultivation, and lately laid off by an experienced gardener, an orchard containing several hundred pear, plum, cherry and damson trees, with English walnut, quince and mulberry trees, and also upwards of six hundred apple trees, and two or three hundred peach trees, selected with care from the best nurseries; and all in full bearing. The annual average product of the apple orchard alone is estimated at 400 barrels. This tract contains about 100 acres of land, a considerable part whereof has been manured and sown with clover seed. The shores afford fish and wild fowl, and one or two good fishing landings. The situation is healthy, elevated and pleasant, in full view of three towns, and is well calculated for a place of public entertainment. Immediate possession may be had and the terms will be made known upon application to

Frances Alexander.

January 23.

cut

### Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY on Friday the 12th inst. a Negro Man slave named BILL—he calls himself Bill Payne, belonging to the subscriber, living in Charles county, state of Maryland. The said slave is a house servant, waits and drives a carriage very well; he is 23 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, small face, handsome lively eyes, is very fond of strong liquor, plays on the fiddle—had on and took with him one suit of blue pantaloons, a dark cloth coat and overalls, two jackets of Bennett's cord, two India cotton shirts, one with ruffles, one pair of good boots, one hat half worn, and sundry other wearing apparel, not sufficiently known to be well described. The said slave took a fiddle with him, and it is expected that he intends to go to Frederick Town (Maryland). The above reward will be paid for securing the said slave in any public jail, and reasonable charges if brought to me in Charles county.

Priscilla H. Courts.

January 23. (Feb. 1.)

ed3tr.

### For Sale, or Exchange.

THE subscriber offers to sell or exchange for property in the town of Alexandria, 300 acres of Land upon the Great Kanawha river, in the state of Virginia. The land is situated immediately upon the bank of the river and nearly opposite the mouth of Potomac creek. It is all bottom, free from ponds, guts and slashes, and in point of situation as well as quality equal to any lands upon the said river. A more particular description will be given and the terms made known by application to the subscriber who will give an indisputable title.

John D. Simms.

January 23.

3law3w

### TO RENT,

A handsome convenient two story Brick Dwelling House, with out houses complete, and garden situate on Patrick between King and Prince streets.

A-L S O,

A convenient two story Frame House on the Mail. Apply to

Isaac Gibson.

January 15.

### Public Sale.

ON Saturday the third day of March next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, will be exposed to sale before the door of the Coffee House, the undermentioned valuable Land, in two lots, lying within the limits of the corporation of Alexandria, viz.

Eighteen acres and 45 perches, or there by, bounded by Gladen's Run, by the lands of Mr. Alexander, col. Peyton, Mr. Sherron and others.

Eight acres known by the name of Parke's garden, bounded in part by King street continued, by the property of Col. Peyton, Mr. Hooff and the last mentioned lot.

These lots of ground are understood to be perfectly clear of the conflicting claims which have lately been negotiated with respect to a part of the land in their vicinity.

A title deed will be made and immediate possession given. The purchaser will be required to give bond for the purchase money, payable by equal portions in one, two, and three years, bearing interest from the date, and a lien retained on the property till payment.

COLIN AULD.

Feb. 5.

md&ts

### For Sale or Hire,

Two smart NEGRO BOYS—the eldest about eighteen, the youngest about twelve years of age—Enquire of the Painter.

January 16.

1 of

### TO THE PUBLIC

Who are affected with Coughs, Colics, Asthma, and Consumptions.

THERE is perhaps no medical observation better established, none more generally confirmed by the experience of the best physicians, and none more common, and none of more importance to the practitioner than the fact that a majority of the most difficult and incurable complaints originate in neglected COLDS. In a climate as variable as ours, where the changes of the weather are frequently sudden and unexpected, it requires more care and attention to guard against this subtle and dangerous enemy of life, than most people imagine, or are willing to bestow. Hence the vast number of patients afflicted with coughs, catarrhs, asthma and consumptions. The many cases of the kind which fell under my observation, the appointment I experienced in practice, from remedies highly recommended, and my own predisposition to pulmonary complaints, were strong inducements for me to consider whether a compound, consisting of mild vegetable substances, could not be invented, more free from the well founded objections of practitioners, and better calculated to avert the threatening destruction of the lungs.

I have the satisfaction to offer to the public such a remedy, under the name of the VEGETABLE PULMONIC DETURGENT, well adapted to various constitutions and habits, and to declare with the fullest confidence that I found this composition far superior to others intended to answer the same purpose. I am perfectly satisfied, that practitioners, who have frequently to combat the effects of suppressed perspiration and do not neglect the use of the lancet and other evacuations, whenever they are indicated, will place this medicine on the list of their most favorite remedies; as it can in no case do harm. I will abide by this motto:

NO RELIEF NO PAY.

This motto may be deemed ostentatious by some, and amounting to a pretentiousness that the medicine will infallibly effect a cure in any stage of a disease like a miracle; the proprietor is far from believing that this medicine will render mankind immortal; but he is fully sensible if taken seasonably, and according to the directions, it will either prevent or cure, and if unreasonably, it will most sensibly alleviate distress and prolong life; and having no desire to profit by the confidence of the sick and afflicted, induces me to make the above overture. Should the contrary appear in any instance, as in some it possibly may, the money for the medicine will be cheerfully returned by the person who may vend the same.

GEORGE ROGERS.

N. B. The above named medicine is secured to the subscriber by letters patent from the President of the United States, and prepared at his Dispensary in Northampton, county of Hampshire and state of Massachusetts.

### To the Public.

The great benefit which I have experienced from Rogers's Vegetable, &c. and a firm persuasion that it may afford relief to others, induces me to make every laudable exertion for its distribution.

For five years preceding the 1st of Dec. 1807, in consequence of taking a violent cold I had been afflicted with the asthma, a disorder which I conceived to be hereditary, my father and grand father both having greatly suffered from it. The disorder increasing rapidly upon me, in the spring of 1807, I consulted Dr. C. L. Seeger, but the urgency of his business prevented him from attending at that time, particularly to my case. My business made it necessary for me to leave home and be absent the greater part of summer, which deprived me of the able professional assistance of Dr. Seeger. In September last, a severe cold brought on a violent cough and the disorder assumed an aspect more serious and alarming than at any former period—I was extremely debilitated, emaciated and confined. Such was the irritability of my lungs I was obliged to use the greatest caution in the use of respiration. After a free use of Rogers's Vegetable, &c. for about two months I was perfectly relieved of the dreadful cough which had so long afflicted me, and completely cured of every symptom of the asthma. In short, blessed be God, I have continued in sound health ever since. As these facts may be important to those unfortunate individuals who are suffering from the same disorder, I have been thus particular in their detail. And I do not hesitate to declare my solemn conviction, both from my own experience and observing its effects on others, that Dr. Rogers's V. P. D. is an easy, safe and effectual remedy for coughs and asthma, and is the greatest antidote to all pulmonary complaints that the world has ever witnessed.

Jacob W. Brewster.

Northampton, January, 1809.

THIS may certify, that about the first of October last, I was attacked with a violent cough, which proceeded, as was the opinion of my physician, who is a man well approved of in his profession, from a bruise which I

received on my left side, about a fortnight before the commencement of Rogers's Pulmonic Deturgent. I was very weak and low and took but small quantities of food, and his cure was complete. In three days I was much relieved, and in eight days quite cured of the cough.

Moses Parsons, jun.

Northampton, 1st January, 1809.

Northampton, (Mass.) Feb. 1809.

I James Heaton, also hereby certify, that in the fall of the year 1808, I was seized with a severe cold attended by an obstinate and distressing cough. The violence of my cough soon produced a pain in my side and breast, and frequently spitting of blood, in short, all the horrid symptoms of a consumption were rapidly assailing me. In this situation I was recommended to Dr. George Rogers, who rendered me immediate relief by administering his Vegetable Deturgent. I have continued the use of it ever since, and for three months past, though not completely restored to health, I have been able constantly to attend to my business—and I fully believe that my partial restoration has been solely owing (under God) to this valuable medicine.

James Heaton.

### To the Public.

In consequence of taking a severe cold in May, 1808, I was seized with a violent pain in my side, attended with a distressing cough, which, although I had the advice and prescriptions of a respectable physician lasted me four weeks, without any alleviation. I then applied to Dr. George Rogers, who administered his Vegetable Pulmonic Deturgent, which gave me immediate relief; and in ten days I was entirely freed from the pain in my side and cough.

Charles Chapman.

Northampton, March, 1809.

I ELIJAH NORTON, jun. of Westampton, in Massachusetts, do certify that in the last year I was attended with a great debility, weakness of the lungs, distressed for breath, and a violent cough, attended with a fever for a number of months; about the 15th of August I began the use of Dr. George Rogers's Vegetable Pulmonic Deturgent. I kept in the use of it about three months. Immediately after taking this medicine my cough abated, and I could breathe with more freedom. I would recommend the medicine from my own experience, to those who are troubled with a cough, and disorders of the lungs and breast, and consumptive complaints, and do believe it to be a valuable and useful medicine.

Elijah Norton, jun.

Westampton, Feb. 21 1809.

It is for sale by R. GRAY Bookseller King street, agent for the proprietor, October 31 1809

### MILITARY LANDS.

#### FOR SALE,

Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity.

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land, Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 13.

### The Subscriber

Has received the following articles: New Orleans and St. Croix Sugars of the first quality  
Mississippi Cotton of the first quality  
Cogniac Brandy, St. Croix Rum, Holland Gin

London Particular Madeira } WINES  
Sherry  
Lisbon  
Superior Claret in cases  
Impari J.  
Hyson,  
Young Hyson, } TEAS.  
Hyson Skin,  
Souchong, &  
Bohea  
Best Green Coffee in bags and barrels  
Gunpowder  
P. B. Patent Shot, from B. B. to No. 9  
Mould Shot, B. L. and S. S. G.  
Salt Petre, double refined  
Spanish Potant Indigo  
Coppers of the 1st quality  
Fresh Nutmegs  
Pimento and black Pepper,  
Demijohns,  
With a general assortment of GROCE-RIES, and as usual, old Jamaica Spirits, Peach Brandy, and old Port wine in bottles. The above articles will be sold very low by the wholesale or retail.

### TO RENT,

A convenient and well finished BRICK HOUSE, at the upper end of King street.

James Anderson.

Not 8.